Financial Statements

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

SMITH POWELL AND COMPANY, LLC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### **Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

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# SMITH POWELL AND COMPANY, LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 68 SOUTH MAIN, THIRD FLOOR SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101

#### Accountants' Compilation Report

The Honorable Board of Directors Lake Point Improvement District Lake Point, Utah

We have compiled the accompanying statements of net assets of Lake Point Improvement District as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and the statements of cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

A compilation is limited to presenting in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management. We have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly do not express an opinion, or any other form of assurance on them.

As described in Note 1, the District has implemented a new financial reporting model as of December 31, 2004, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and also implemented changes to reporting non-exchange transactions by adopting GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions as of December 31, 2004. In addition, the District adopted GASB statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures as of December 31, 2005.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the supplemental budgetary information are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are required to be presented as supplemental information by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Such information was compiled from information that is the representation of management, without audit or review. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or an other form of assurance on the supplemental information.

Smith Powell and Company, LLC

June 13, 2006

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2005 (Unaudited)

As management of the Lake Point Improvement District (the "District"), located in the unincorporated are of Lake Point in Tooele County, Utah, we offer the readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ending December 31, 2005. The District prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as earned and expenditures are recorded when incurred. The District receives funds from five principal sources: (1) User Service Fees, (2) Plan Review and Inspection Fees, (3) Impact Fees, (4) Interest Income, and (5) Property Taxes. Restricted accounts are maintained as separate accounts at Zions (Zions) Bank, Utah State Public Trust Investment Fund (PTIF), and Tooele Federal Credit Union (TFCU). The Zions and TFCU funds are invested in interest bearing savings accounts insured by the FDIC and NCUA respectively.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total Assets of the District decreased \$46,180 as of December 31, 2005, from the prior year, principally from depreciation of assets.

Total service fee revenue of the District increased by \$468 or 0.8% over the prior year, principally due to increased number of connections and non-operating income increased \$13,956 or 51.7% due to increases in interest income, plan review and inspection fees, and property taxes. Total net income for the District decreased \$12,711 or 50.6%.

The District has no debt obligations.

The District's Long Term Liabilities include impact fees credits to a developer for among other improvements, a regional pump station and force main. developer made two connections to the District's system in 2005 and the number of impact fees credits available to the developer were reduced by two ERU's for pumping, collection, and treatment. Remaining credits are: Pumping: 941; Collection: 598; and Treatment: 247.

There were no capital contributions to the District from developers in 2005.

# OVERVIEW OF THE LAKE POINT IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

Lake Point Improvement District was established on September 7, 1971 by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of Tooele County pursuant to Chapter 6, Title 17, of the Utah Code Annotated for the purpose of the construction and operation of a sewer system. Tooele County has no direct oversight responsibility to the Lake Point Improvement District and the District is not reported as a unit of Tooele County. The District has no oversight responsibilities over any other governmental units which need to be reported as units of the District. Tooele County does collect and remit the property taxes owed by the district residents to the District.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2005 (Unaudited)

# OVERVIEW OF THE LAKE POINT IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT (Continued)

The District operates with a five member Board of Directors with staggered four year terms and are elected to the Board by residents of Lake Point.

In June 2001, the Lake Point Improvement District was presented with a Preliminary Engineering Report for Wastewater Treatment which addressed the potential growth of Lake Point and presented various options for a municipal wastewater treatment system. The report recommended an interim solution for the installation of a mechanical aeration wastewater treatment system. The installation of mechanical aerators eliminated potential of odor problems and increased the existing capacity of the lagoons, thus extending the life of the existing lagoon system. The aerators became operational in February of 2005.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's financial statements consist of two parts: the District's management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The District summary financial statements reflect the effect of accounting transactions for the year and include notes to financial statements.

- The District financial statements provide information about the District's overall financial position and results of operations. These statements, which are presented on the accrual basis, consist of the Statement of Net Assets; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets; Statement of Cash Flows; and Notes to Financial Statements.
- The "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the financial statements provides
  additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided
  in the District Statements.

The District statements report information using accounting methods similar to those used by other Enterprise Funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District's presentation, of the schedule of revenues and expenses compared with budget for the Statement of Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows is one way of measuring changes the operation effectiveness of the District operation.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2005 (Unaudited)

#### **OVERVIEW OF DISTRICT FINANCIAL POSITION**

The District's overall comparative financial position is presented as follows:

Assets		_	2005	_	2004	_(	Change
1 1 2 2 4 4 2	urrent Assets	\$	222,307	\$	184,383	\$	37,924
Pı	roperty & Equipment Less acc. Depreciation		3,272,908 (931,305)		3,272,125 (846,418)		783 (84,887)
	Total Net Property & Equip.		2,341,603		2,425,707		(84,104)
Te	otal Assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,563,910</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,610,090</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>(46,180</u> )
Liabilities and	Net Assets						
C	urrent Liabilities	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Le	ong Term Liabilities		1,170,491		1,176,113		(5,622)
	Total Liabilities	\$	1,170,491	\$	1,176,113	\$	(5,622)
Deferred Incom	me						
Pl	an Review & Insp. Fees	\$	6,571	\$	9,307	\$	(2,736)
	Total Deferred Income	\$	6,571	\$	9,307	\$	(2,736)
Net Assets							
C	apital Assets	\$	1,171,112	\$	1,249,594	\$	(78,482)
U	nrestricted		10,899		26,572		(15,673)
Re	estricted		204,837		148,504		56,333
	Total Net Assets	\$	1,386,848	\$	1,424,670	\$	(37,822)
Total Liabilitie	es and Net Assets	<u>\$ 2</u>	2 <u>,563,910</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,610,090</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>(46,180</u> )

#### LONG TERM DEBT

The District is not encumbered with any outstanding Long Term Debt by either Sewer Revenue Bonds or General Obligation Bonds.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2005 (Unaudited)

#### MAINTENANCE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

The District has no employees and support for the District operation are contracted to private firms. These include: Accounting, Thomas Accounting Services, Secretarial, Robbins Executive Secretarial Services, Operations, ProTech, A Water Management Company, and Smith Powell & Company, CPA's. These contracts with the District are reviewed annually.

The District also receives an annual Collection System Audit Report of the condition of the sewer pipelines, manholes, and pump stations and the report recommends repairs necessitated for leak repairs, raising manholes to grade, or damage caused by road maintenance equipment. These expenses are expensed when incurred. Additionally, the District has adequate funds for emergency repairs resulting from unexpected circumstances.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's accountability for all those interested. If you have additional questions regarding financial information, you may contact the District's office at the following address:

Lake Point Improvement District 7856 North Mountain View Road Lake Point, Utah 84074

### **Statements of Net Assets**

December 31, 2005 and 2004

ASSETS	2005	2004
Current Assets:		
Cash Checking	\$ 11,669	\$ 24,025
Cash Impact Fee Checking & Savings (Restricted)	4,554	2,848
Cash Utah PTIF Savings (Restricted)	195,167	2,010
Cash Money Market (Restricted)	5,116	147,491
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	216,506	174,364
Accounts Receivable	<u>5,801</u>	10,019
Total Current Assets	222,307	184,383
Property and Equipment	3,272,908	3,272,125
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(931,305)</u>	<u>(846,418)</u>
Total Net Property and Equipment	2,341,603	2,425,707
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,563,910</u>	<u>\$ 2,610,090</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$</u> 0
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 0	\$ 0
Long Term Liabilities:		
Impact Fee Credits (Note 6)	1,170,491	1,176,113
Total Long Term Liabilities	<u>1,170,491</u>	1,176,113
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,170,491	1,176,113
Deferred Income:		
Deferred Plan Review & Inspection Fee Income	\$ 6,571	\$ 9,307
Total Deferred Income	6,571	9,307
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 1,171,112	\$ 1,249,594
Unrestricted	10,899	26,572
Restricted (Note 5)	204 <b>,8</b> 37	148,504
Total Net Assets	1,386,848	1,424,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,563,910	\$ 2,610,090

See accompanying notes and accountants' compilation report.

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

	2005	2004
OPERATING REVENUE:		
Sewer Service Fee Revenue	\$ 60,765	\$ 60,297
Late and Administration Fees	2,770	0
Oquirrh Mountain Water Co. Fees	98	0
Total Operating Revenue	63,633	60,297
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Accounting Fees	7,390	6,605
Administrative Expenses	11,222	7,551
Contracted Services	5,504	4,330
Depreciation	84,888	77,510
Engineering Services	14,802	1,342
Insurance	3,688	4,010
Legal Fees	0	0
Maintenance	1,438	683
Office Supplies and Expenses	700	1,682
Operations	2,945	2,751
Travel	3,364	1,839
Uncollectible Fees/Charges	0	10
Utilities - Electricity	6,458	4,083
Total Operating Expenses	142,399	112,396
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(78,766</u> )	(52,099)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):		
Impact Fees	15,291	12,634
Interest Income	5,691	2,932
Bad Debt Recovery	0	98
Plan Review and Inspection Fees	8,326	1,408
Property Taxes	<u>11,636</u>	<u>9,916</u>
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	40,944	26,988
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(37,822)	(25,111)
<b>NET ASSETS-BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	1,424,670	1,449,781
NET ASSETS-END OF YEAR	\$ 1,386,848	\$ 1,424,670

See accompanying notes and accountants' compilation report.

#### **Statements of Cash Flows**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

		2005	2004		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(78,766)	\$	(52,099)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		84,888		77,510	
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		4,218		(1,441)	
Decrease in Accounts Payable		0		Ó	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Income		(2,737)		9,308	
Bad Debt Recovery	_	0	_	98	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		7,603	_	33,376	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest Income		5,691		2,932	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	5,691		2,932	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of Property and Equipment		(783)		(157,699)	
Property Tax Income		11,636		9,916	
Impact Fees		<b>9,66</b> 9		12,634	
Plan Review and Inspection Income		<b>8,</b> 326		1,408	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Financing Activities		28,848		(133,741)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		42,142		(97,433)	
Cash at Beginning of Year		174,364		271,797	
Cash at End of Year	<u>\$</u>	216,506	<u>\$</u>	174,364	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Interest Paid	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	

See accompanying notes and accountants' compilation report.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant government accounting policies are described below.

#### - History and Business Activity

Lake Point Improvement District is a local special government district which operates a sewer system to provide sewer services for the Lake Point area of Tooele County.

Lake Point Improvement District was established on September 7, 1971 by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of Tooele County pursuant to Chapter 6, Title 17, of the Utah Code Annotated. Tooele County and has no direct oversight responsibility for the Lake Point Improvement District. The District is not reported as a unit of Tooele County. The District has no oversight responsibilities over any other governmental units. Tooele County does collect and remit the property taxes owed by district residents to the District.

#### Enterprise Fund and Basis of Accounting

An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs, (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

All enterprise or proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, revenues are recorded when they are earned, not received. Thus billed service receivables are recorded as revenue at year end. Expenses are recognized when they are incurred, not necessarily when they are paid.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the District has elected not to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), including those issued after November 30, 1989.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### - Adoption of New Accounting Policies

The district has adopted and implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments during the year ended December 31, 2004. The primary impact of adopting the statement included changing the presentation of fund equity to net assets, and presentation of Management's Discussion and analysis. During the year the district also adopted and implemented GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions, which requires that capital contributions and impact fees be recognized in the determination of net income, rather than as a direct addition to net assets.

During 2005 the district adopted additional applicable GASB statements. GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures was adopted which discloses deposit and investment risks by, custodial credit, credit risk, and interest rate risks.

#### Property & Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at historical cost. Normal maintenance and repair expenses that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset life are not capitalized. Purchases of assets which cost less than \$1,000 are expensed. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over their remaining useful lives. If applicable, the net book value of property sold or otherwise disposed of is removed from the property and accumulated depreciation accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in income.

Depreciation of property and equipment was computed using an estimated life between 20 and 40 years on the straight - line method.

#### - Property Tax Revenues

Property tax rates are set by the Board of Trustees in June of each year. The County Assessor assesses a value as of January 1 of each year for all real property which the property tax rates will apply for assessing such property taxes. Property taxes assessed become delinquent after November 30.

#### Budgetary Accounting

The Improvement District adopts an annual budget. The operating budget includes anticipated revenues, the proposed expenditures and the means to finance the operation of the Districts activities. The tentative and final budget is adopted before December 31, of each year. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

#### - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Management has determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY & EQUIPMENT

A summary of the property and equipment follows:

	Dec. 31, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Dec. 31, 2005	
Sewer System	\$ 2,812,328	\$	\$	\$ 2,812,328	
Sewer Ponds	270,371		•	270,371	
Land Buildings & Building	11,550			11,550	
Improvements	24,240			24,240	
Machinery & Equipment	153,636	<u>783</u>	(0)	<u>154,419</u>	
Total Property and Equipment	3,272,125	783	(0)	3,272,908	
Accumulated Depreciation	(846,418)	(84,887)	(0)	(931,305)	
Net Property & Equipment	<b>\$ 2,425,707</b>	<u>\$ (84,104)</u>	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ 2,341,603</u>	

#### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits and investments for local governments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by rules of the Utah Money Management Council ("the Council"). Following are discussions of Lake Point Improvement Districts exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

- A. <u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the local government's deposits may not be recovered. The local government's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the local government to be in a *qualified depository*, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management council. As of December 31, 2005 none of Lake Point Improvement Districts bank balances of \$22,415 were uninsured and uncollateralized.
- B. <u>Credit Risk</u> Credit risk is the risk that the counter-party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The local government's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Credit Risk (Continued) - The local government is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), and external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as and investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, Lake Point Improvement District had investments of \$195,167 with the PTIF. The entire balance had a maturity less than one year. The PTIF pool has not been rated.

- C. <u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Lake Point Improvement District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investment mainly in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.
- D. <u>Cash Flow Statement Policy</u> For purposes of the cash flow statements, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **NOTE 4 - USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 5 - RESTRICTED NET ASSETS**

The district has restricted the use of the savings deposit, money market investment, and the Utah PTIF investment amounts for future capital expenditures. The Districts impact fee savings account is restricted for expenditures for expanding the District's facilities according to Utah State Statutes.

The district has restricted net assets at December 31,		
2005 and 2004 as follows:	2005	2004
Impact Fees - Restricted for Capital Assets	\$ 4,554	\$ 1,013
Money Market Funds - Restricted for Capital Assets	5,116	147,491
Utah PTIF Savings - Restricted for Capital Assets	 195,167	. 0
Total Restricted Net Assets	\$ 204,837	\$ 148,504

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

#### **NOTE 6 - IMPACT FEE CREDITS**

On January 19, 2001 the district entered into a cooperation agreement with a developer and into a construction contract with a contractor to construct, among other improvements, a regional pump station and force sewer main. The agreements required the district to pay \$626,889 of the total cost of \$976,165 of the contract for the regional pump station and other improvements. The district would receive 1,500 out of the 2,500 equivalent residential connections (ERC'S) capacity of the pump station.

To provide funds to the district to pay part of its share of the cost, the district has agreed to sell to the developer 200 ERC'S of capacity in the districts sewer lagoons for \$337,000.

The agreement was first amended on May 9, 2001. This amendment specified the amount of credits allowed to the developers for advances for various engineering services; \$95,560 credit towards the developers share of the regional pump station and facility cost, \$72,502 in credits towards the purchase of ERC'S in the districts sewer lagoons or the purchase of additional ERC'S in the regional pump station facility, and \$41,658 in credits to be applied to any new jointly constructed treatment facilities that may be constructed for up to 15 years in the future. The agreement is effective for 20 years from the completion date of the regional pump station facility.

The facilities were completed on November 4, 2001. The district owns, operates, and maintains the facilities. The land and other interests in the facility owned by the developers has been transferred to the district.

A second amendment to the cooperation agreement was signed April 8, 2002. An additional 106 ERC's of sewer treatment credits were credited to the developer for these additional costs paid by the developer for additional planning and engineering costs. In addition, the district has agreed to credit 600 collection system ERC impact fee credits and 1000 pumping station ERC impact fee credits to the developer for the value of collection lines and other benefits added to the system. The developer also contributed the value of the developers share in the regional pump station.

As the developer connects each lot to the system, impact fee credits will be reduced and shown as impact fee income. However, cash will not be received from the developer for this impact fee income. If these credits are not used by the developer by a specified date, they will expire.

The credits for collection and pumping expire on November 4, 2016. The credits for treatment expire on November 4, 2021. Treatment credits apply to both existing and future treatment systems. Pumping credits apply only to connections served through the regional pump station. Collection credits apply only to connections served through the Saddleback Boulevard pipeline, including any tributaries that the developer may for time to time construct.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

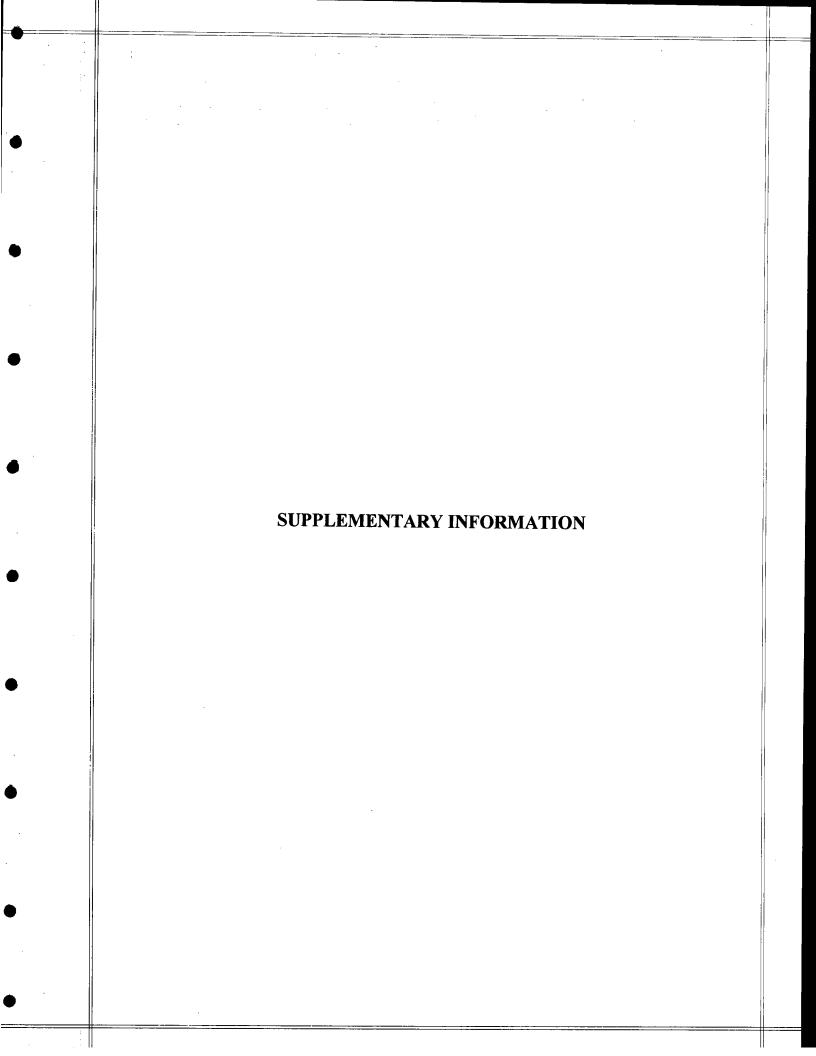
### NOTE 6 - IMPACT FEE CREDITS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the impact fee credits at December 31, 2005 (based on ERC values at November 4, 2001) follows:

	Developer ERC's Impact Fee Credits Due			Impact Fee Credits Applied			Impact Fee Credits Due Developer December 31, 2005		
Planning (\$19/ERC)	ERC's 8	\$	Amount 152	ERC's (8)	\$ A	(152)	ERC's	\$ 0	
Collection (\$890 ERC)	608	\$	541,120	(10)		(8,900)	598	532,220	
Pumping (\$236/ERC) Treatment (\$1,685/ERC)	1,008 314		23 <b>7,888</b> 529,090	(67) (67)		(15, <b>812</b> ) 112, <b>895</b> )	941 247	222,076 416,195	
Totals (\$2,830/ERC)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,308,250	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$(</u>	137, <b>759</b> )	N/A	<u>\$1,170,491</u>	

#### **NOTE 7 - RECLASSIFICATIONS**

Certain amounts in the 2004 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 presentation.



# LAKE POINT IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Compared to Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Operating Income:		Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable)</u>		
Sewer Service Fee Revenue	\$	62,000	\$	60,765	\$	(1,235)	
Late and Administration Fees	Ψ	02,000	Ψ	2,770	Φ	2,770	
Oquirrh Mountain Water Co. Fees		0		2,770		2,770 98	
Total Operating Income		62,000		63,633		1,633	
	-	02,000		05,055	-	1,033	
Operating Expenses:							
Accounting Fees	\$	7,500	\$	7,390	\$	110	
Administration Expenses		11,600	•	11,222	•	378	
Contracted Services		5,600		5,504		96	
Depreciation		84,888		<b>8</b> 4,88 <b>8</b>		0	
Engineering Services		15,250		14,802		448	
Insurance		3,700		3,688		12	
Legal Fees		250		0		250	
Maintenance		1,575		1,438		137	
Office Supplies and Expenses		750		700		50	
Operations		3,000		2,945		55	
Travel		3,500		3,364		136	
Uncollectible Fees/Charges		310		0		310	
Utilities		7,100		6,458		642	
Total Operating Expenses		145,023		142,399		2,624	
Operating Income (Loss)		(83,023)		<u>(78,766)</u>		4,257	
Non-Operating Income (Expenses):							
Impact Fees	\$	19,338	\$	15,291	\$	(4,047)	
Interest Income		4,920		5,691	•	771	
Equity Transfer		39,365		0		(39,365)	
Plan Review and Inspection Fees		9,000		8,326		(674)	
Taxes		10,400		11,636		1,236	
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)		83,023		40,944		(42,079)	
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	(37,822)	<u>\$</u>	(37,822)	

See accompanying notes and accountant's compilation report.